BODEGA: innovative, ethically and societally compatible socio-technical solutions for border control context

Veikko Ikonen, VTT Ltd Intelligence and innovation at the border SDW 2018 Monday 25th June 2018

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This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 653676



Proactive Enhancement of Human Performance in Border Control

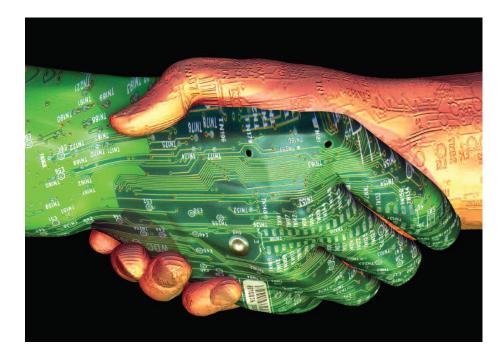
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RRI (incl. Ethics) and technology, applications and serivces:



Melvin Kranzberg's (1986) first law of technology "Technology is neither good nor bad; nor is it neutral"





My Profile: RRI expert and Research Integrity Adviser (RIA) at VTT

Veikko Ikonen (at VTT 2001-)

 Senior Scientist, Project coordinator, Team: Foresight and safety culture, Tampere, Finland

Research Focus

 Human Driven Design and Responsible Research and Innovation (RRI projects: KEN, Guardian Angels, ETICA, GREAT, Responsible Industry, PROEIPAHA, SniffPhone, BODEGA, NewHoRRIzons, SmartCom)

Other Duties

- Board member of Corporate Responsibility Network FIBS (Finnish Business Society) 2014-16, VTT contact person for FIBS
- Member of Ethics Committee of the Tampere region (2010-)
- RRI EU H2020 coach at VTT

RIA (HTK) Duties

- Confidential contact point for discussions about research integrity
- Support Responsible conduct of research in organization; http://www.tenk.fi/en/responsible-conductof-research
- Advise in cases of doubts about misconduct and disregard and gives guidance about procedure and actions if needed
- Contact person for Finnish Advisory Board on Research Integrity (TENK)

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VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland Ltd



- VTT is one of the leading research and technology organisations in Europe.
- We use our scientific and technological excellence to provide innovation services for our domestic and international customers and partners.



* Loikkanen, T. et al. Roles, effectiveness, and impact of VTT. Towards broad-based impact monitoring of a research and technology organisation. 2013. VTT, Espoo. VTT Technology 113. 106 p. + app. 5 p.

€

Net turnover and other operating income 269 M€ (VTT Group 2016)

Unique research and testing infrastructure



Personnel 2,414 (VTT Group 2016)



Wide national and international cooperation network





What is **RRI**?

- "Responsible Research and Innovation is a transparent, interactive process by which societal actors and innovators become mutually responsive to each other with a view to the (ethical) acceptability, sustainability and societal desirability of the innovation process and its marketable products (in order to allow a proper embedding of scientific and technological advances in our society)." (Von Schomberg, 2011).
- "RRI is an inclusive approach to research and innovation (R&I), to ensure that societal actors work together during the whole research and innovation process. It aims to better align both the process and outcomes of R&I with the values, needs and expectations of European society." (European Commission, 2013)

RRI keys:

- Engagement (public, stakeholder)
- **Open Access** (dissemination, exploitation of results, transparency, open innovation)
- Gender Equality (diversity)
- Ethics (reflexivity, anticipation)
- Science Education (capacity building, mutual learning)
- **Governance** (tools, protocols, procedures, actions)

RRI O's

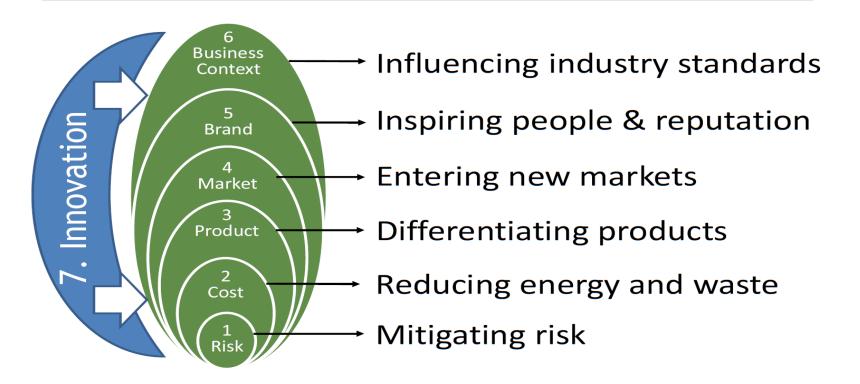
- Open Innovation
- Open Science
- Open to the World





Why sustainability, why ethics, why BODEGAM RRI?

How Sustainability creates business value



From Laszlo, C. (2003) The Sustainable Company. Island Press





BODEGA - objectives

BODEGA project will **investigate and model** Human Factors in border control to provide **innovative socio-technical solutions** for **enhancing border guards' performance of critical tasks, support border management decision-making**, and optimize travellers' border crossing experience.

BODEGA will develop a **PROPER toolbox** which integrates the solutions for **easy adoption** of the BODEGA's **results** by stakeholders in border control.

SciencesPo

GROUPE Imprimerie Nationale

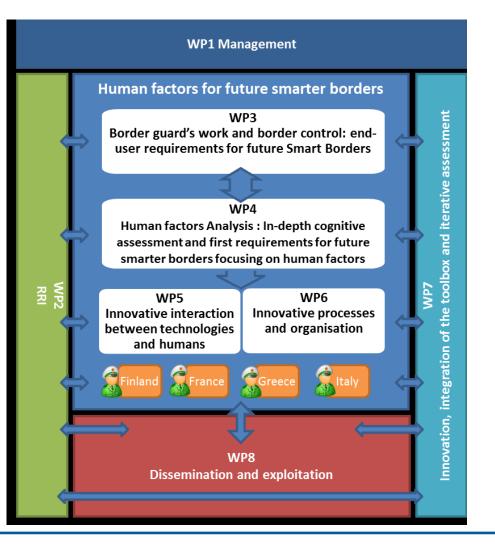
ubium





BODEGA Objectives and Workflow

- Developing an approach with ethical, societal and legal considerations into a set of human, organisational and technical factors
- Constructing a greater understanding of border guard's work and border control (future smart borders)
- Gathering new knowledge about psychological and organisational aspects
- Taking into account also traveler perspective





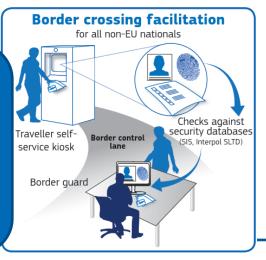


Vision for future Border Checks

More information, deeper checks, more biometrics -> more technology

- Stronger and Smarter Borders, and Information Systems accepter (6/2017)
- ETIAS European Travel Information and Authorisation System (11/2016)
- Passenger Name Record (PNR) Directive (4/2016)
- Proposal to enforce systematic controls on all travellers crossing EU external borders (European Border and Coast Guard (10/2016)
- Improvements to the Schengen Information System (SIS) (12/2016?)
- Action Plan to improve the security features in travel documents.

EU "Stronger and smarter Borders": Regulation on the establishment of an Entry-Exit System to speed-up, facilitate and reinforce border check procedures for non-EU nationals travelling to the EU.



The 5 Border Management core tasks

Document	Are the documents authentic and valid ?
Eligibility	Is the person allowed entry based on the information on the document ?
Identity	Is this the person on the document ?
Purpose	Has the person a credible justification and means of subsistance ?
Threat	Is the person not a threat - known registered, unknown behaviour ?







The 5 Border Management core tasks

Document	Technical verification
Eligibility	Visa / Database check
Identity	Biometrics verification
Purpose	Interview / Behavioral assessment
Threat	Behavioral assessment / Database

	Ö	+	-	Ö	+	_
Document	2424255	Non-standard cases Language check Information in context Skill remains needed	Learning curve Lack of return of experience Difficult to verify / reproduce		Speed of process Performance consistency Technical control	Non-standard cases Damaged documents No consistency check - Language
Eligibility	$\stackrel{\rightarrow}{\leftarrow} Q$	Information in context Travel history visible	Possible calculus mistake Time needed to decipher stamps	evisa 🖌	Accuracy Speed Easy transmission of data among MS	Ergonomy Non-Standard Visas Cyber attacks / bugs
Identity	•	Super recognizers Non-standard cases Check consistency ID / person	Possible mistakes Fatigue Inconsistency of performance		Accuracy Speed Performance consistency Degree of certainty	Non-Standard cases Cyber attacks / bugs Database designed (centralized or not)
Purpose	?	Customized questions Intuition Traveller appearance Traveller story evaluation	Decision with insufficient information Time needed to verify information	?	Data collection ? Verification of claims ?	No interaction with traveller Automating process gives clues on BGs methods
Threat	?	Customized questions Behavioral analysis Gut feeling	Cognitive biases Small amount of parameters considered		Amount of data processed Patterns detection	Technology not mature No interaction with travelers

Towards future Border Control



Conformity verification

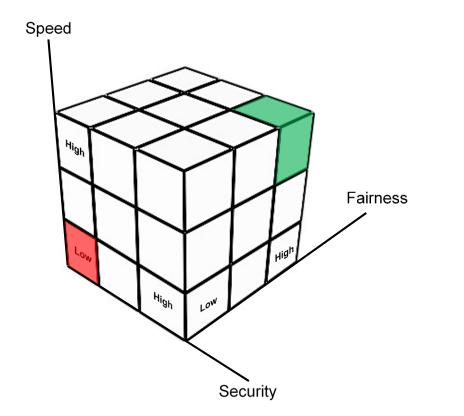


Technical verification under human supervision Human analysis with support from machines





Travelling experince?







Travelling experince?

• Speed – the requirement for BGs to keep up with processing high traveller flows (based on the projections of the EC for an increase in cross-border mobility and rise in the volume of regular travellers by 2030).

• Security – the requirement to keep the border an effective filtering mechanism in the overall security and law enforcement architecture (based on the fading distinctions between internal and external security and the increasing importance of new global threats).

• Fairness – the recent trend in the governance of border control to elevate the level of professionalism by taking on board and promote sensitivity to fundamental rights issues.



Future borders – EU proposal call

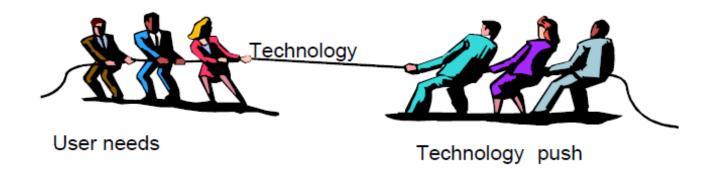
- For the traveller it would be ideal to cross borders without being slowed down. It is indeed likely that, in the next 10 years or so, technologies make it possible to implement "no gate crossing point solutions" that allow for seamless crossing of borders and security checks for the vast majority of travellers who meet the conditions of entry, and make sure that those who do not fulfil such conditions are refused entry.
- There is a broad variety of technologies and systems including information systems and (networks of) sensors that will become available to support border checks based on risk-assessment methods. Some are to be deployed in the vicinity of border crossing points, others can be mobile and used to check travellers data along his/her journey.
- However, in the intensive use of technologies that this will require bears the risk to invading people's privacy, and the societal and political acceptance of technologies for "no gate solutions" is required prior to their implementation.







Design tensions





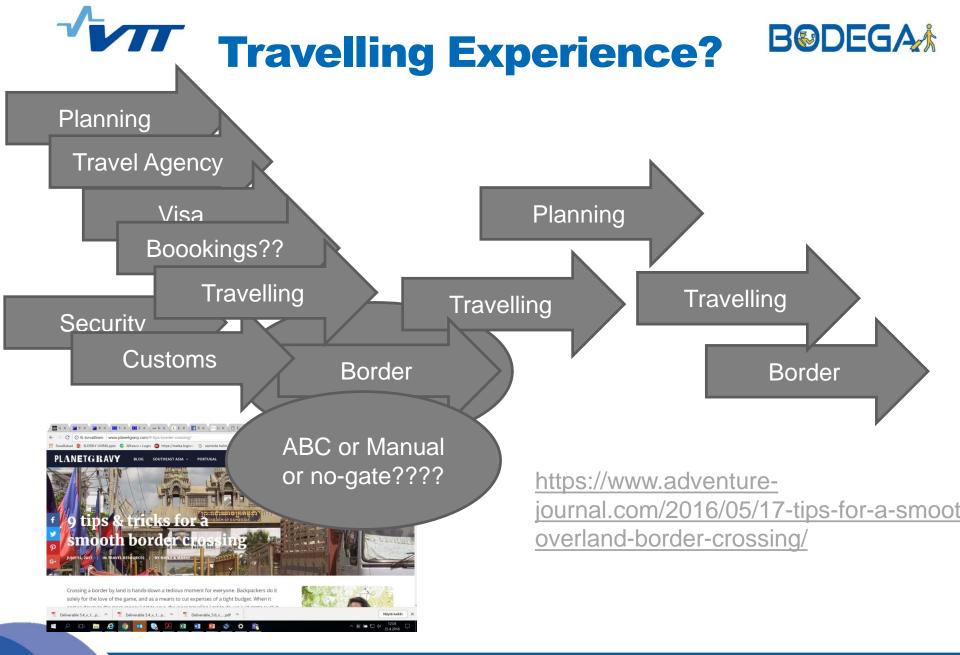




Tensions between objectives

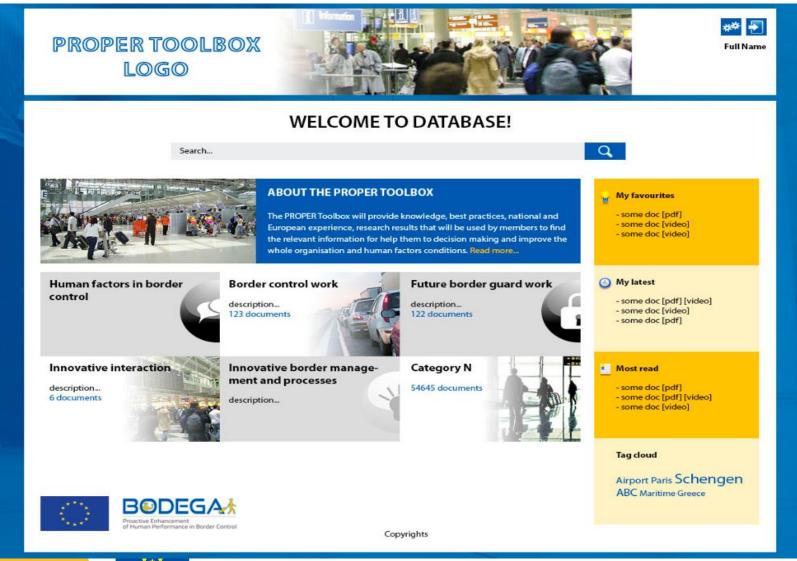








PROPER TOOLBOX draft

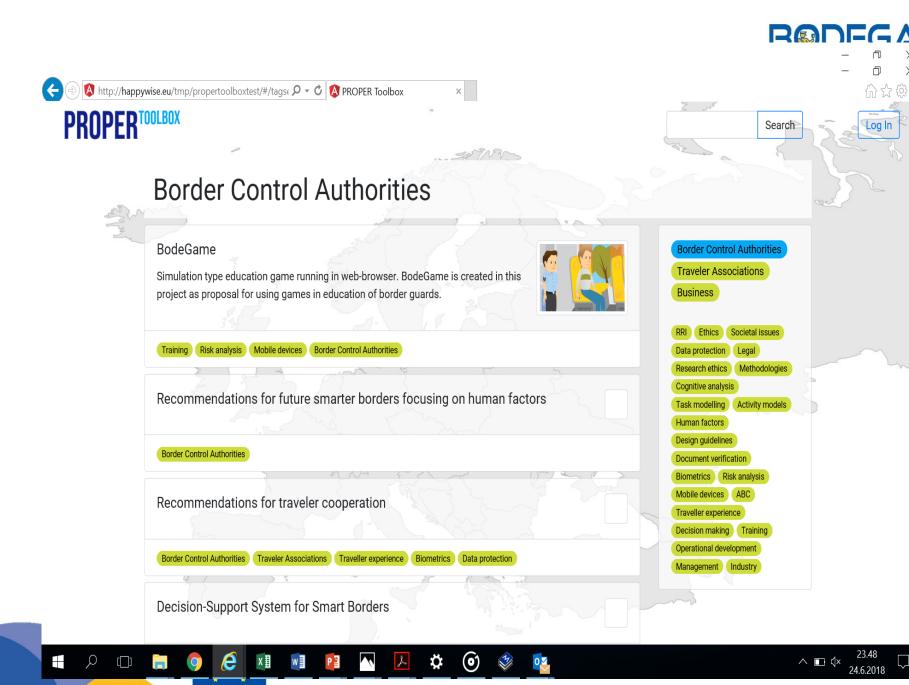




BODEGA (http://bodega-project.eu/)

- The PROPER toolbox will be co-designed and thoroughly validated with relevant stakeholders and end-users.
- The work will be carried within the framework of Responsible Research and Innovation to ensure the ethical and societal compatibility of the project work and provided solutions as well as emphasis on the foreseen future with smarter borders.
- BODEGA validated, modular and flexible toolbox will enhance the performance of border control stakeholders - borderguards, border authorities and citizens - to create more secure, efficient and effective border crossing, focusing on theborders between Schengen agreement and external countries.





Recommendations (some)



- Doing more field tests to adapt technology to operational needs
- Relying more on **existing hardware** & developing state-of-the-art software
- Adapting solutions to operational environment no universal solution
- Developing human / machine interfaces taking into account the actual needs of the user
- Maintaining the human component in the process threat assessment
- Testing and gathering lessons learned before full deployment of solutions





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

Time	Seminar contents	Presenter				
KNOWLEDGE THEATRE, 2 ND FLOOR						
The BODEGA project – PART 1						
10.30 – 10.40	"BODEGA project introduction"	Veikko Ikonen (VTT)				
10.40 – 11.10	"End user needs and requirements for future smarter borders"	Christine Mégard (CEA), Virginie Papillault (UIC)				
11.10 – 11.35	"Optimising the tandem between document inspection systems and humans"	Franz Daubner (AIT)				
11.35 – 11.55	"Identity verification with fingerprints"	Arndt Bonitz (AIT)				
11.55 – 12.15	"HMI design for mobile border control solutions"	Arndt Bonitz (AIT)				
12.15 – 12.35	"Enhancing the border control process with video-based technologies"	Andreas Kriechbaum-Zabini (AIT)				
KNOWLEDGE THEATRE, 2 ND FLOOR						
The BODEGA project – PART 2						
14.30-14.55	"Big data analytics as a support tool for risk analysis"	Alessandro Bonzio (Z&P), Raul Sevilla (ATOS)				
14.55-15.20	"Innovative border control processes and organisation"	Carolina Islas (Ubium), Laura Salmela (VTT)				
15:20-15.45	"Changing borders, changing (in)security"	Anaïs Rességuier (Sciences Po)				
15:45- 16:05	"Demonstrations"	tbc				

BODEGA stand at SDW Exhibition 26th and 27th

http://bodega-project.eu/





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